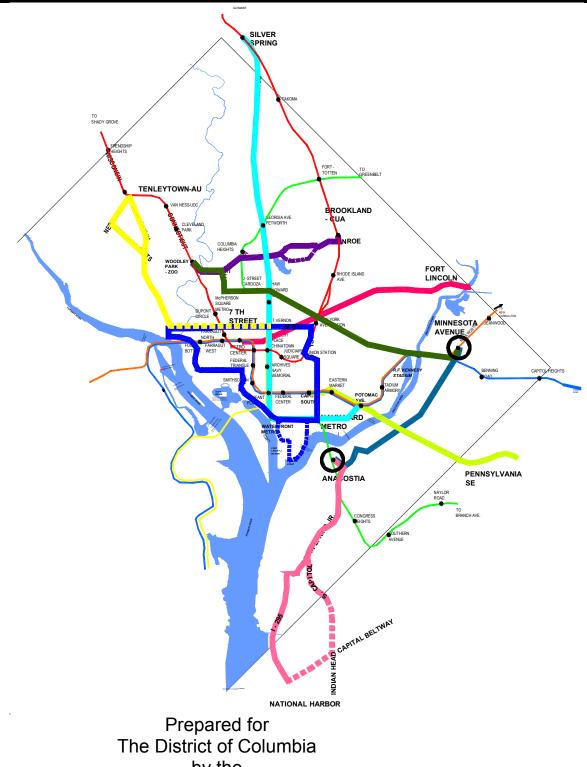
District Of Columbia Transit Development Study EXECUTIVE SUMMARY



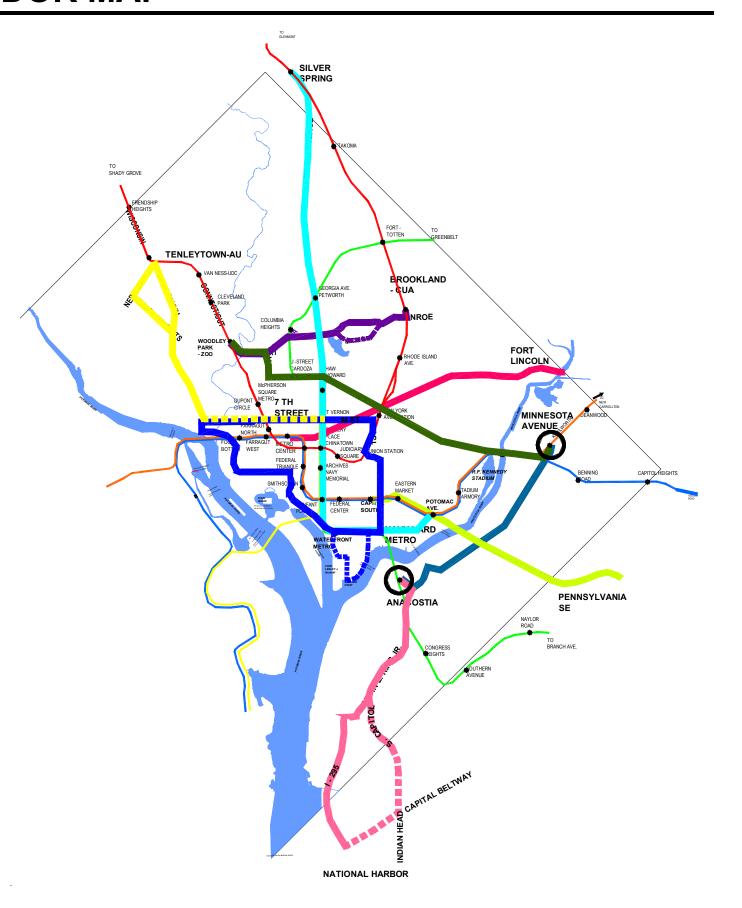
by the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority

STUDY CORRIDOR MAP

STUDY CORRIDORS

Corridor #1 From Silver Spring Metro via Georgia Avenue / 7th Street, NW to M Street SW to Navy Yard or Potomac Avenue Metro Corridor #2 Cross town Woodley Park Metro to Brookland Metro with Alternate Route Corridor #3 **Cross town Woodley Park Metro to Minnesota Avenue Metro** Corridor #4 **Anacostia Metro to National Harbor with Alternate Route** Corridor #5 Capitol South Metro via Potomac Avenue Metro to Pennsylvania Avenue SE Corridor #6 **Anacostia Metro to Minnesota Avenue Metro** Corridor #7 **Capital Loop** NOTE: The Capital Loop has been subdivided into four separate corridors. This was done to recognize that the four different segments serve different markets and needs. Segment A: Capital Loop - from Navy Yard Metro to Convention Center via 2nd Street Segment B: Capital Loop - from Convention Center to Wisconsin Avenue via M Street NW **Segment C: Capital Loop - from M Street NW to Navy Yard Metro** via Constitution Avenue **Segment D: Capital Loop - Buzzard Point** Corridor #8 McPherson Square or Mt. Vernon Square Metro to Fort Lincoln Corridor #9

Tenleytown Metro to New Convention Center via Georgetown



INTRODUCTION

The District of Columbia and the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA) seek to serve and guide the sound, sustainable growth of the Washington metropolitan region in the 21st century. There are many population, employment, cultural, and recreational centers, identified and evaluated by the District, that are not currently adequately served by transit and where significant transit infrastructure investments would be fiscally, economically, environmentally, and socially desirable.

Objectives of this study

The objectives of this study are to:

- Identify corridors where potential transit expansion may be advantageous first, for residents, employees, and visitors in the District of Columbia and second, for the larger regional transit system (based upon a select number of corridors presented to WMATA for analysis by the District of Columbia).
- Make suggestions for potential transit options on appropriate corridors, beginning with light rail, that if feasible may provide for greater mobility within the District of Columbia.
- Recognize potential corridor and route issues and options that may proceed to a more detailed level of planning.

The executive summary presented here is the result of a four-month-long preliminary study conducted by the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA) for the District of Columbia.

General Issues (Overview)

A number of general issues have been identified that shape the way in which study corridors are considered for potential future expansion as light rail (LRT):

Regional connections:

Some study corridors, such as the McPherson Square to Ft. Lincoln route, do not have large transit markets within the District boundaries, but could attract high ridership if they were components of longer transit lines that extend into other parts of the region.

MWCOG/Build-out employment data coordination:

Metropolitan Washington Council of Government's (MWCOG) development forecasts in some study corridors do not reflect the impact on employment resulting from current real estate trends. Updated development forecasts to provide a better basis for ridership estimation, would require full build-out analyses for each corridor studied and revision of the MWCOG adopted land use forecast. New York Avenue, MLK Avenue, Buzzard Point, and the Near Southeast are examples of areas that need further analysis.

Physical fit:

Construction of at-grade light rail would require at least a 24' wide lane for a two-track system, not including station and platform design, would result in increased traffic congestion on developed streets unless they were widened. Widening streets would be difficult or impossible in some study corridors such as the Tenleytown Metro to Georgetown route. Tunnels would have to be built to carry light rail lines in those corridors, which adds significantly to the cost.

Parking impact:

Building light rail lines that require a minimum of a 24' lane at-grade would require the removal of on-street parking and the widening of the streets in most locations. Where light rail is to be studied, consideration must be given to the development of a parking replacement and enhancement strategy.

NOTE: In some corridors, such as New York Avenue, consideration should be given to the role intercept or satellite parking lots and tour bus lots may play as destinations within the corridor and their affect on ridership.

Community impact:

Building light rail would have the potential for major changes and impacts in residential and business areas, indicating the need for extensive community involvement in project development. For example, the loss of on-street parking and the appearance of overhead wires would be a concern in any part of the city but especially in historic areas and the Monumental Core.

District of Columbia Transit Development Study SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – SCREENING FOR LIGHT RAIL

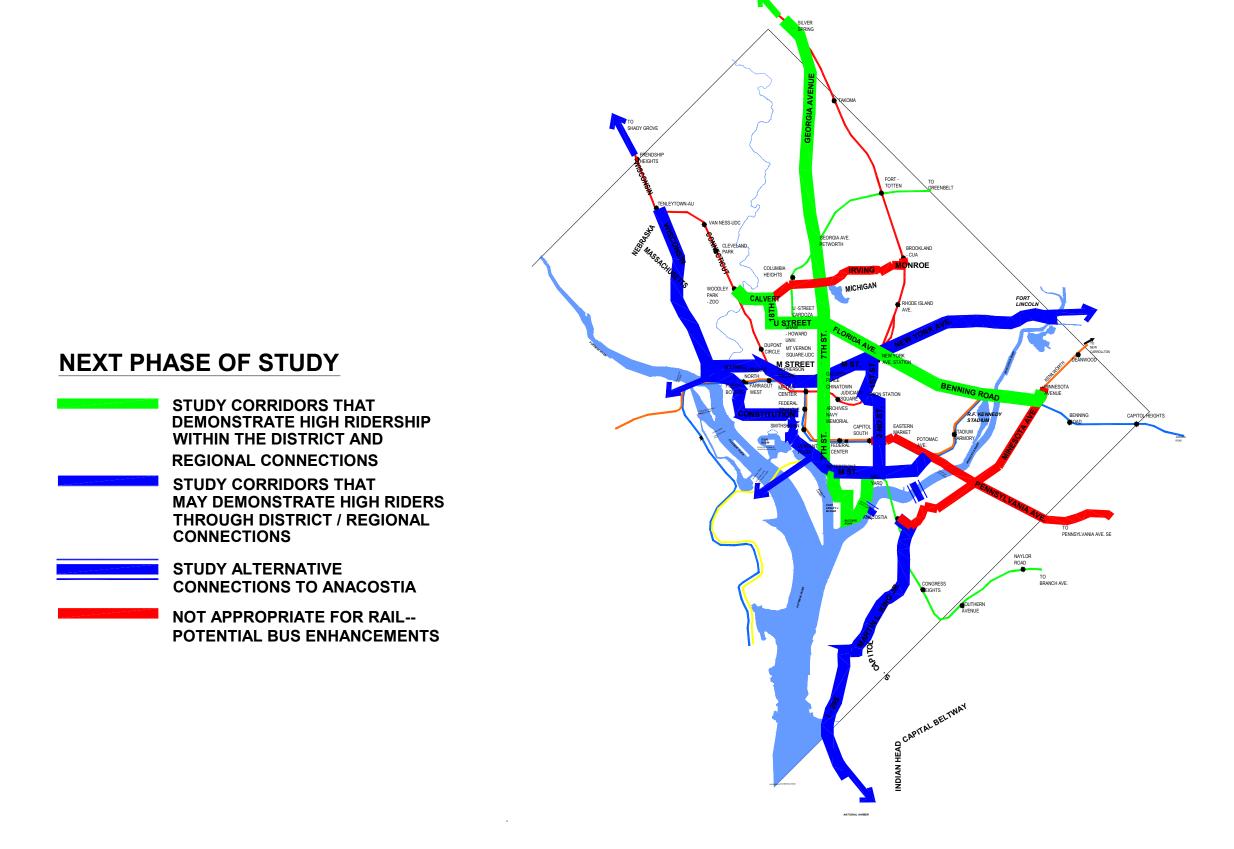
Mobility/Ridership 2025 Forecast	#1 Silver Spring t Potoma Ave. Met	c Park Me ro to Brookla Metro	ey Woodley Park Metro to And Minnesota Ave. Metro	#4 Anacostia Metro to national harbor	#5 Capital South Metro to District Line via PA Ave.	#6 Anacostia Metro to Minnesota Ave. Metro	#7A Capital Loop: Navy Yard Metro to New conve'tn center	#7B New Conve'tn center to George'tn via M St.	#7C George'tn to Navy Yard via Const. Ave.	#7D Buzzard Point	#8 McPherson Sq. to Fort Lincoln	#9 Tenleyt'n Metro to New Conv't Center via George'tn
Length in Miles	10.5	3.5	6.4	6.0	4.2	3.8	2.9	2.2	4.6		4.9	5.3
2025 forecast maximums)												
40,000												
30,000												
20,000												
40.000												
10,000												
2025 forecast	43,100- 45,300	4,500- 4,700	22,000- 26,500	13,500- 14,500	4,600	2,800- 4,000	13,700- 22,700	16,300	15,200	6,900	13,700- 16,800	23,400 Friendship Metro to new convention cent.
Boardings/Mile	4,300	1,350	4150	2,400	1,100	1,050	7,800	7,400	3,300		3,428	4,400 Inc. M St. NW
Current Daily Boardings District/Regional Connection Potential	21,600 YES	2,500	13,400	9,300 YES	2,400	1,700	YES	YES	YES		YES	5,200 YES
Connectivity – employment/activity centers	Very Hi	gh Fair	High	High in Future	Fair	Very Low	High	Very High	High	Fair	High in Future	Fair on Wisc. Very High on M St.
Fit Light Rail at-grade	Very Difficu	Very		Difficult	Very Difficult	Very Difficult	Very Difficult	Very Difficult	Very Difficult	Good	Very Difficult	Very Difficult
Preliminary Cost Estimate (in millions)	\$710- \$1,080		\$480- \$510	\$220- \$230	NA	NA	\$370- \$400	\$200- \$210	Difficult to determine	NA	\$490- \$530	\$540- \$820
Potential for future study for rail	YES		YES	YES			YES	YES	YES	POSSIBLE	YES	YES

District of Columbia Transit Development Study

District of Columbia Transit Development Study OVERVIEW MATRIX -- LIGHT RAIL AT-GRADE FACILITY

SCREENING CRITERIA	#1 Silver Spring to Potomac Ave. Metro	#2 Cross town Woodley Park Metro to Brookland Metro	#3 Cross town Woodley Park Metro to Minnesota Ave. Metro	#4 Anacostia Metro to national harbor	#5 Capital South Metro to District Line via PA Ave.	#6 Anacostia Metro to Minnesota Ave. Metro	#7A Capital Loop: Navy Yard Metro to New conve'tn center	#7B New Conve'tn center to George'tn via M St.	#7C George'tn to Navy Yard via Const. Ave.	#7D Buzzard Point	#8 McPherson Sq. to Fort Lincoln	#9 Tenleyt'n Metro to New Conv't Center via George'tn
1. Mobility/ ridership service potential												
2. Connectivity with activity/ employment centers												
3. Good physical fit with low traffic impact												
4. Core relief potential												
5. Impacts: historic, visual, environmental												
6. Community & business disruption												
7. "New Starts" funding potential												
8. Construction potential												
9. Preliminary Cost Estimate (in millions)	\$710- \$1,080	NA	\$480-\$510	\$220-\$230	NA	NA	\$370-\$400	\$200-\$210	Difficult to determine	NA	\$490-\$530	\$540-\$820

SUMMARY MAP OF FINDINGS – SCREENING FOR LIGHT RAIL



District of Columbia Transit Development Study

Project Participants

The District of Columbia Transit Development Study was prepared for the District of Columbia by the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA). Following are the District Agencies, WMATA staff and allied organizations that, as a multidisciplinary team, worked together to complete the study:

The District of Columbia

Office of Planning

Andrew Altman, Director

Stephen Cochran, AICP, Zoning and Special Projects Planner, Staff liaison to the project.

Division of Transportation

Dan Tangherlini, Director

Alex Eckmann, Administrator for the Office of Mass Transit, Staff liaison to the project.

Washington Metropolitan Transit Authority Office of Engineering and Development

P. Takis Salpeas, Assistant General Manager, Transit System Development Department

Harry Lupia, Director of Engineering and Architecture

Royce Drake, Assistant Director, Facilities Planning and Engineering Development Project Director for the DC Transit Development Project

George Cardwell, Associate Director, Office of Business Planning and Development

Robin McElhenny-Smith, Senior Transportation Planner

Capital Transit Consultants Parsons Brinkerhoff

Hanan Kivett, Chief Architect

Robert Irwin, Program Manager

Lee and Liu Associates, Inc.

Jeff Lee, Principal

Charles B. Zucker, DC Transit Development Study Project Manager

Bong Shon, Landscape Architect

Alit Balk, Landscape Architect

Stanmore Associates

Joe Bender, Principal

Bay Area Economics

Anita Morrison, Principal

Parsons Transportation Group

Philip Braum, Principal Associate

DMJM+Harris

Sean Libberton, Senior Transportation Planner